

# Spoken English for Work (SEW) examinations

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## Syllabus from 2010

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## **Foreword**

Welcome to the third edition of the syllabus for Trinity Spoken English for Work (SEW) examinations for speakers of other languages. This new suite of examinations has been available to candidates from September 2008, and complements Trinity's other suites of ESOL examinations.

This syllabus is a working document which is widely used in the learning environment as well as in the examination. It is a very important reference for teachers, instructors and learners.

Guidance for teachers and instructors is provided within this syllabus. Further support and sample examinations can be found on our website, as can an electronic copy of this syllabus. In addition, a DVD showing samples of the examination at all levels with accompanying notes is available.

For further information about SEW examinations, how to become a Trinity Registered Examination Centre, and our fees and examination dates, please contact your National/Area Consultant or Trinity's London office.

**Please note that in this 2010 edition of the syllabus all information related to the actual SEW examinations remains exactly the same as in the 2008-2010 edition. Only the Appeals procedure and Data protection sections have been updated.**

## General introduction

### About Trinity College London

Trinity College London is an international examinations board, fully accredited in the United Kingdom as an independent awarding body. Trinity provides accredited qualifications in the English language, music and the performing and creative arts throughout the world.

Trinity has been conducting examinations since 1877 and now over half a million people take one of our examinations every year.

Trinity College London is a charity registered with the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

### About Trinity's English language examinations

Trinity's examinations in English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) are organised into six suites. These share a common philosophy, but provide different learners with the opportunity to choose a qualification which most suits their individual needs.

#### International ESOL examinations – available worldwide:

- ▶ Spoken English for Work (SEW) examinations (this syllabus)
- ▶ Graded Examinations in Spoken English (GESE)
- ▶ Integrated Skills in English (ISE) examinations.

#### UK ESOL examinations – available in the UK only:

- ▶ ESOL Step 1 and Step 2 examinations
- ▶ ESOL Skills for Life examinations
- ▶ ESOL for Work examinations.

Entry for the Spoken English for Work examination suite is open to people aged 16 and above, who are either in work or seeking employment and whose first language is not English. There is no upper age limit. Candidates do not need to be following a course of study but must enter for the examinations at a registered Trinity centre.

Trinity has been setting standards and testing English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) for more than 70 years. Our certificates are accepted by universities and employers worldwide.

### About Trinity's Spoken English for Work (SEW) examinations

#### Aim

Trinity's Spoken English for Work (SEW) examinations provide a reliable and valid scheme of assessment through which candidates, employers and teachers may measure progress and development of English language use in a work context. The four levels provide a measure of linguistic competence from elementary to advanced levels, B1 to C1 in the *Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, teaching, assessment* (2001).

#### Candidate profile

The Spoken English for Work examinations are open to anyone aged 16 and above whose first language is not English. Candidates will either be preparing to enter the world of work or already be working. The SEW examinations are intended to assess a candidate's oral skills in communicating in English in a working environment. The examinations are not profession-specific, although candidates can choose to talk about their job if they wish. The examination content covers a wide range of subject matter and tasks which arise in a variety of real-life working situations. Candidates are assessed on their language abilities and not their knowledge of specific professions. It is assumed that candidates will have studied general English before embarking on these examinations.

#### Framework

This suite of four examinations is designed for speakers of languages other than English and sets realistic objectives in listening to and speaking with other English speakers in a work context. The suite takes the learner from an elementary level of proficiency (SEW 1) to an advanced level of proficiency comparable to that of a highly proficient speaker (SEW 4).

Progress is marked by:

- ▶ greater linguistic demands categorised under grammar, lexis and phonology
- ▶ increasing evidence of the use of communicative skills and the expression of functions
- ▶ an increasing degree of independence which allows the candidate to initiate and take control of the interaction.

#### The four SEW levels

At **SEW 1**, the examination starts with a telephone conversation between the examiner and the candidate. The candidate is provided with a written prompt and, after a brief preparation time, telephones the examiner to discuss and resolve the issue outlined in the prompt. After this the candidate goes to the examination room to meet the examiner and proceed to the Topic discussion. In this phase the candidate introduces a work-related topic of his or her own choice, which will be related to one of the topic categories listed in this syllabus. The examiner directs the discussion using the points prepared by the candidate. Then the examiner moves onto the Discussion phase, selecting one subject area for discussion from the list provided in this syllabus. Examinations at SEW 1 have been mapped to the **Independent User** level B1 in the Common European Framework of Reference (CEFR).

At **SEW 2**, the examination starts with a telephone conversation between the examiner and the candidate. The candidate is provided with a written prompt and, after a brief preparation time, telephones the examiner to discuss and resolve the issue. Following directly on from this is the Interactive task phase, also conducted over the telephone. The Interactive task phase is initiated by an oral prompt from the examiner and then the interaction is maintained by the candidate. Once these phases have been completed the candidate goes to the examination room to meet the examiner and proceed with the examination. The candidate initiates and maintains a discussion on a topic of his or her own choice, which will be related to one of the topic categories given in this syllabus, on a work-related subject. The examination ends with a discussion on one subject area selected by the examiner from the list provided in this syllabus. Examinations at SEW 2 have been mapped to the **Independent User** level B2.1 in the Common European Framework of Reference.

## About Trinity's Spoken English for Work (SEW) examinations

At **SEW 3**, the examination begins with a telephone conversation between the examiner and the candidate. The candidate is provided with a written prompt and, after a brief preparation time, telephones the examiner to discuss and resolve the issue. The Interactive task is also conducted over the telephone and follows on directly from the Telephone task. The Interactive task is initiated by an oral prompt from the examiner and after that it is the candidate's responsibility to maintain the interaction with the examiner. Once these phases have been completed the candidate goes to the examination room to meet the examiner and proceed with the examination. The candidate makes a presentation of a topic of his or her own choice, related to one of the topic categories provided in this syllabus, after which the examiner and the candidate discuss points raised in the presentation. The final phase of the examination is a discussion on one subject area selected by the examiner from the list provided. Examinations at SEW 3 have been mapped to the **Independent User** level B2.3 in the Common European Framework of Reference.

At **SEW 4**, the examination starts with a telephone conversation between the examiner and the candidate. The candidate is provided with a written prompt and, after a brief preparation time, telephones the examiner to discuss and resolve the issue. The Interactive task phase is also conducted over the telephone and follows on directly from the Telephone task phase. The Interactive task phase is initiated by an oral prompt from the examiner and after that it is the candidate's responsibility to maintain the interaction with the examiner. Once these phases have been completed the candidate goes to the examination room to meet the examiner and proceed with the examination. The candidate makes a formal presentation on a topic of his or her own choice, which will be related to one of the topic categories provided in this syllabus, after which the candidate initiates a discussion with the examiner on the presentation. The examiner will ask the candidate to clarify and expand upon points made in the presentation. The examination ends with a discussion on one subject area selected by the examiner from the list provided in this syllabus. Examinations at SEW 4 have been mapped to the **Proficient User** level C1 in the Common European Framework of Reference.

SEW 1	SEW 2	SEW 3	SEW 4
13 minutes	20 minutes	23 minutes	27 minutes
Telephone task	Telephone task	Telephone task	Telephone task
	Interactive task	Interactive task	Interactive task
		Topic presentation	Formal topic presentation
Topic discussion (examiner-led)	Topic discussion (candidate-led)	Topic discussion (examiner-led)	Topic discussion (candidate-led)
Discussion	Discussion	Discussion	Discussion

The above timings include time for the candidate to change rooms after the Telephone task phase and for the examiner to complete the individual Examination report form.

### About the phases

#### The Telephone task phase

At the start of the examination the candidate enters the telephone room and is given a written prompt, presenting the candidate with a situation which needs to be addressed. This phase of the examination requires the candidate and examiner to have a genuine conversation conducted over the telephone while in different rooms.

The prompt gives rise to a telephone conversation which must be initiated by the candidate, leading to a natural interaction between the examiner and the candidate.

The examiner will fulfil his or her role in the interaction, but it is the responsibility of the candidate to ensure a successful outcome to the situation outlined in the prompt. Candidates are free to be themselves but the examiner assumes a role for the duration of the phase. Therefore candidates will need to observe standard conventions of formal and/or informal interaction depending on the situation.

#### The Interactive task phase

This phase follows directly on from the Telephone task phase and is also conducted over the telephone. An initial verbal prompt from the examiner gives rise to an interaction maintained and controlled by the candidate. The examiner will remain in role during this phase.

All the examination phases are 'interactive' but this is the phase in which the candidate's own initiating skills are of paramount importance in determining the successful outcome of the phase.

This phase provides the opportunity for candidates to demonstrate their ability to take control of the interaction, for example, through the use of questioning techniques, seeking clarification, politely refusing or expressing reservations.

At SEW 2, candidates start to demonstrate their independence as users of English for the workplace. This autonomy is further developed through SEW 3 and SEW 4. The phase requires the candidate to initiate 'turns' in the conversation and control the direction of the interaction. Tasks require an authentic exchange of information and opinions, with the language functions listed at each level arising naturally out of the phase.

#### The Topic presentation and Topic discussion phases at SEW 3 and SEW 4

Before the examination the candidate prepares a topic of his or her choice which **must** be related to a work situation and correspond to one of the categories provided in this syllabus. The candidate is not assessed on the veracity or accuracy of the information presented in the topic. However, the candidate needs to be familiar with the relevant lexis for the topic. In the examination the topic is used as a basis for the discussion in this phase.

Trinity's philosophy is that candidates should be given every opportunity to demonstrate to the examiner what they **can do** in English. This includes giving them the opportunity to talk about a topic in a work context, which is of interest to them and which they feel confident talking about. In this way, candidates have a degree of autonomy and control over this phase of the examination.

This phase allows candidates, at the level they have chosen, to demonstrate the range of structures, functions and lexis at their command. It provides the candidates with the opportunity to show they can link sentences together to talk about a subject at some length.

At all levels candidates must provide the examiner with brief notes, for example bullet points listing areas to be discussed. Clear and simple diagrams or organograms may also be used. At SEW 3 the candidate delivers a presentation which is then followed by a discussion, led by the examiner, of points raised during the presentation. At SEW 4 the presentation uses formal language and the post-presentation discussion is led by the candidate.

### The Discussion phase

This is an opportunity for a realistic exchange of information, ideas and opinions which are related to the world of work.

The Discussion phase involves a meaningful and authentic exchange rather than a formal 'question and answer' interview. The examiner selects one of the subject areas provided in the syllabus for the particular level. The subject areas have been carefully selected to offer a progression from the familiar to the less familiar and from the 'concrete' to the 'abstract' as candidates move up through the different levels of the suite.

At each SEW level, the candidate is expected to take more responsibility for initiating and maintaining the discussion. One of the ways in which this is expected to be actioned is by the candidate asking the examiner a number of questions. The assessment of this phase takes into account the ability of the candidate to find out relevant information using the language of the level: for example, fact-finding questions at SEW 1 (*How long have you been a sales assistant?*), hypothetical questions at SEW 2 (*How could your workplace be improved?*), and discussion prompts at SEW 4 (*What's your opinion about child labour in the developing world?*). These questions are expected to arise naturally out of the conversation and will be used to further the interaction.

### About the assessment

#### How the candidate is assessed

The candidate's performance in the examination is measured by means of one overall criterion, Task fulfilment. This is assessed in each phase of the examination.

The assessment of each Task fulfilment criterion is based on the following factors:

- ▶ coverage of the communicative skills listed, including the language functions
- ▶ coverage of the grammatical, lexical and phonological items listed
- ▶ accuracy in the use of the grammatical, lexical and phonological items listed
- ▶ appropriacy of the grammatical, lexical and phonological items used
- ▶ fluency and promptness of response appropriate for the grade.

The examiner assesses the candidate's performance by selecting one of four levels of performance and awards a letter grade, A, B, C or D. In simple terms, these levels can be classified as follows:

- ▶ A – Distinction
- ▶ B – Merit
- ▶ C – Pass
- ▶ D – Fail.

More detailed descriptions of Task fulfilment are available to show how the examiner assesses all examination phases at SEW 1, 2, 3 and 4. These descriptions can be consulted on the Trinity website.

In every examination, the examiner assesses the use made of the language of the particular level and that of all preceding levels.

All phases of the examination at each level are given equal importance in the overall assessment.

#### Reporting the assessment

##### Examination report forms

An individual Examination report form is completed by the examiner immediately after the examination has taken place and before the next examination starts. The Examination report form gives the following information:

- ▶ an assessment of the candidate's overall performance in each phase of the examination under the Task fulfilment criterion
- ▶ an indication of the key areas where the candidate could make improvements
- ▶ an indication of the overall result of the examination stated simply as Pass or Fail.

The Examination report forms for all the candidates are given to the Centre Representative at the end of the examination session. In the case of examination sessions lasting more than one day, the Examination report forms will, therefore, not be issued until all candidates at that session have been examined.

The Examination report form provides an indication of the result of the examination. This is not a confirmed result and centres should either check their candidates' results on Trinity Online or await the arrival of the actual certificate before making any claims about the result of the examination.

Centres wishing to confirm the examiner's indication of pass or fail or who wish to find out the level of pass may use the Results look-up tables provided on the Trinity website.

##### Marksheets

The examiner also completes a composite centre marksheet with the Task fulfilment assessments for each candidate. This marksheet is for internal Trinity use only and cannot be issued to centres for reasons of data protection. This marksheet is returned to Trinity College London and the results are entered onto the Trinity database.

##### Confirmation of results

Results are verified and finalised electronically and a certificate is generated if a candidate has achieved a pass level. The certificate states the level of pass as follows:

- ▶ Pass with Distinction
- ▶ Pass with Merit
- ▶ Pass.

## About this syllabus

### Layout

The syllabus is divided into the four SEW levels. At the beginning of each level there is an introduction which outlines the candidate profile expected on its successful completion. These profiles relate to the common reference levels in the *Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, teaching, assessment* (Council of Europe, 2001). The introduction to each level is followed by a detailed description of its requirements. These are set out for ease of use in classrooms and other learning environments.

The contents are organised as follows.

#### Introduction to each SEW level:

- ▶ **Candidate profile** – describes what the candidate can do on successful completion of the level
- ▶ **Examination format** – outlines the content of the examination
- ▶ **Examination procedure** – describes the way in which the examination is conducted
- ▶ **Assessment** – gives general information on the assessment relevant to the level
- ▶ **Guidance** – offers advice on preparation for the examination including samples of tasks.

#### Detailed description of examination and linguistic requirements:

- ▶ **Format** – gives examination phases and timings
- ▶ **Candidate performance** – describes what the candidate should demonstrate under these three headings:
  - Communicative skills
  - Language production – language functions, grammar, lexis and phonology
  - Subject areas for the Discussion phase.

#### Regulations:

- ▶ These give advice on **entry requirements**, the **appeals procedure** and arrangements for candidates with **special educational needs/disabilities**. In entering candidates for the Spoken English for Work examinations, centres agree to abide by Trinity's regulations and, therefore, they must ensure that they and the candidates are completely familiar with the regulations set out in this syllabus.

#### Appendices:

- ▶ **Appendix 1** – The Common European Framework of Reference and Trinity College London International ESOL examinations
- ▶ **Appendix 2** – Completed Examination report form
- ▶ **Appendix 3** – Summary of language requirements for each SEW level
- ▶ **Appendix 4** – Summary of communicative skills for each SEW level.

#### Note on Summary of language requirements for each SEW level:

This table provides a summary of the requirements at each level in terms of language functions, grammar, lexis, phonology and subject areas for discussion. This can be used, along with the list of communicative skills, to decide which SEW examination candidates should be entered for, and as a checklist to ensure that all required items have been covered before the examination itself is taken.

The outcomes for each SEW level assume mastery of the outcomes of the previous levels. It is therefore important, when preparing candidates for a particular level, that attention is paid to the content and coverage of all previous levels. Although these will not be examined explicitly, the examiner will expect the candidate to demonstrate a repertoire of language items which includes items from the current level and all preceding levels.

# SEW 1

## Introduction

### Candidate profile

A candidate who has successfully passed SEW 1 can:

- ▶ understand the main points of clear speech on familiar work-related matters
- ▶ enter into conversation and exchange information on familiar work-related subjects of personal interest or related to everyday life
- ▶ demonstrate a sufficient range of language to describe experiences and events and give reasons and explanations for plans.

This profile is based on the level Independent User, B1, of the Council of Europe's Common European Framework of Reference.

### Examination format

The SEW 1 examination consists of the following:

- ▶ Telephone task
- ▶ Introductions
- ▶ Discussion of a prepared topic
- ▶ Discussion of one subject area
- ▶ End of examination and leave-taking.

### Examination procedure

The examination begins with the **Telephone task phase**. The candidate is shown to the telephone room by the supervisor where they are given a written prompt. The candidate has a short time in which to read the prompt and, if they wish, make notes. The candidate then telephones the examiner, who is in another room. It is the responsibility of the candidate to initiate the conversation in order to resolve the issue and bring it to a successful close. This phase lasts no more than three minutes.

Once this phase is over the candidate goes to the examination room and meets the examiner. The examiner introduces himself or herself and spends a few moments setting the candidate at ease. The examiner also asks the candidate for their ID and the examination proceeds to the next phase.

The candidate tells the examiner the title of his or her topic and gives the examiner the notes on the topic. The examiner randomly selects one of the points on this list and asks the candidate to talk about it. The candidate responds with a limited long turn (three or four sentences). The examiner may ask questions about each point. This phase lasts no more than five minutes. During the **Topic discussion phase**, the candidate asks the examiner at least one question related to the topic.

The examiner selects one of the listed subject areas and engages the candidate in discussion. During the **Discussion phase**, the candidate gives information, makes statements and responds as appropriate. The candidate must ask the examiner at least one question related to the subject area being discussed. This phase lasts no more than four minutes.

The examiner brings the phase and the examination to an end.

## Assessment

The examiner assesses the candidate's performance by selecting one of four levels of performance and awards a letter grade, A, B, C or D for Task fulfilment for the Telephone task, Topic discussion and Discussion phases. These levels can be classified as follows:

- ▶ A – Distinction
- ▶ B – Merit
- ▶ C – Pass
- ▶ D – Fail.

The combination of the three letter grades, i.e. the one awarded for the **Telephone task**, the one awarded for the **Topic discussion** and the one awarded for the **Discussion**, provides the overall level of achievement. The examiner gives a provisional indication on the Examination report form as to whether the candidate has passed or failed.

Examiners indicate key areas which are in need of improvement by using the appropriate tick boxes provided on the Examination report form.

## Guidance

### i) Telephone task phase

The Telephone task phase provides candidates with the opportunity to demonstrate that they can handle work-related conversations in English over the telephone when there are no other paralinguistic aids such as facial gestures and body language to help them. Since this is the first phase of the examination the candidate has not met the examiner, thus making the interaction more authentic.

At the beginning of this phase of the examination, the candidate is shown to the telephone room by the supervisor and given a written prompt. The candidate has up to five minutes to read the prompt carefully and make any notes they consider necessary. The candidate then initiates the interaction by phoning the examiner. During the telephone conversation the candidate needs to give information and ask questions, as well as answer the examiner's questions to address the situation in the prompt fully, and bring the conversation to a satisfactory conclusion. Reading skills are not assessed and candidates should ask for clarification over the telephone should they need to do so. While candidates are free to be themselves, the examiner assumes a role for the duration of the exchange and therefore candidates need to be aware of and use the appropriate register and conventions for this phase.

The prompts use, and are designed to elicit, a variety of the language structures and functions of the level and so candidates need to be thoroughly prepared in this regard. When preparing candidates, those responsible should, where possible, ensure that candidates have the opportunity to practise making telephone calls in the same way as in the examination.

This phase of the examination lasts for up to three minutes so candidates need to bear this in mind when looking at the prompt. As this part of the examination resembles a role play to an extent, the examiner will help to extend the interaction in the given role, if necessary, but the candidates should not be looking for a very short resolution to the situation.

An example of a SEW 1 prompt can be found overleaf.

Sample examinations at SEW 1 can be found on the Trinity website [www.trinitycollege.co.uk/SEWvideos](http://www.trinitycollege.co.uk/SEWvideos). A DVD showing examples of the examinations at all levels is also available to Registered Centres.

**Sample Telephone task prompt**

You were on a business trip abroad. You have left your folder with important documents in the hotel. Call the hotel and ask them to courier it to you.

Folder: Black, A4 size, your name is on the cover  
 Document: 100 pages, typed with graphs and tables  
 Method of transport: Courier not post

**ii) Topic discussion phase (examiner-led)**

When preparing their topic candidates must select a category they wish to talk about from the topic list provided on page 16. Before the examination, the candidate must compile some brief notes or a diagram to give to the examiner at the start of this phase. A short sentence is sufficient for each point in the notes. Diagrams should be clearly labelled to enable the examiner to ask questions. The notes or diagrams do not form part of the assessment. The candidate should prepare enough material about these points to sustain a discussion of up to five minutes. Although the examiner will refer to the points in no particular order, the topic should be prepared as a unified whole. All of the points should be thematic and should provide an opportunity to discuss different aspects of the topic.

The notes are used in order to promote a spontaneous discussion which must not include or rely on a memorised recitation. Notes should not include such general points as 'Introduction to topic', 'Conclusion to topic' or 'What I do at work...'. In preparing the topic, candidates should be actively discouraged from producing a written text as this will result in the candidate not being prepared to use spontaneous spoken English.

The prepared topic must be on a work-related subject the candidate is interested in, knowledgeable about and able to discuss with the examiner, and must relate to one of the topic categories listed in this syllabus. It should also provide the candidate with the opportunity to demonstrate the language requirements of the level. The candidate is not assessed on his or her knowledge of the topic. However, the candidate needs to be familiar with the appropriate lexis.

The purpose of this phase is to give candidates the opportunity to display their command of the language of the level while talking about personally and professionally relevant topics. This personal aspect is an important feature of Trinity examinations, and therefore learners should be discouraged from selecting exactly the same topic as their peers and encouraged to choose an individual topic for discussion. Instructors should ensure that every effort is made to personalise the content.

Candidates can bring into the examination one or more pictures, photos, organograms, diagrams, models or other suitable objects to illustrate the prepared topic and aid the discussion with the examiner. However, dangerous objects such as knives are not allowed in the examination room.

Candidates are advised to think carefully about the amount of material necessary for their topic, bearing in mind the time available. They should prepare enough material to sustain a discussion of the topic for up to five minutes, but not more. The examiner will bring this phase to a close at the end of five minutes even if all the points have not been discussed.

In preparing their topic, candidates are advised to anticipate questions the examiner might ask. They should be prepared to give further examples, explanations and clarifications as requested by the examiner. It is a requirement of the examination that candidates ask the examiner questions. Candidates must ask at least one question about the topic area.

N.B. The brief notes for the topic can be written up by a person other than the candidate as written skills in English are not being assessed in these examinations. However, the content of the list should have originated from the candidate.

A successful candidate who has failed to select one of the 12 categories listed for the topic will be issued with an incomplete certificate with a blank space where the topic category should be shown.

A candidate who fails to prepare a topic for discussion cannot be assessed for Task fulfilment for this phase. The phase will be voided and this may result in a fail being awarded for the examination as a whole.

**iii) Discussion phase**

The Discussion phase consists of a discussion of one of the subject areas listed for this phase (see page 17). The subject areas for this phase must not be used for the Topic discussion phase of the examination. The overall aim is to set up an exchange which is as genuinely interesting and relaxed as the candidate's interests and ability permit.

Candidates are encouraged to contribute as much as they can to the discussion and make every effort to show the examiner the range and quality of the language required for the particular level. They should be ready to participate in exchanges based on any of the subject areas using the functions and language items listed.

The candidate is expected to perform the language functions and use the language items listed on the relevant pages. Those responsible for preparing candidates for the examination should ensure that candidates are completely familiar with these items, can understand their meaning and can use them accurately and appropriately in discussion of all of the subject areas. Although examiners will select only one of the subject areas listed, the candidate needs to be prepared to deal with any of them. Candidates are required to ask the examiner at least one question in this phase.

## SEW 1 format

**Total examination time: 13 minutes**

(including 1 minute for room change after the Telephone task)

The examination consists of three assessed phases:

- ▶ Telephone task (up to 3 minutes)
- ▶ Discussion of a topic prepared by the candidate (up to 5 minutes)
- ▶ Discussion of one subject area selected by the examiner (up to 4 minutes).

### Topic categories

Candidates **must** select one of the 12 categories listed below on which to base their topic. If a candidate chooses 'Advertising' or 'Media' as their topic, for example, the category 'Advertising & Media' will be shown on the certificate. Failure to choose one of the categories will result in an incomplete certificate.

- |                             |                                  |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Advertising & Media      | 7. Law & Government              |
| 2. Design & the Arts        | 8. Management & Administration   |
| 3. Education & Training     | 9. Manufacturing & Engineering   |
| 4. Health & Public Services | 10. Marketing & Public Relations |
| 5. Hospitality & Tourism    | 11. Retail & Finance             |
| 6. IT & Communications      | 12. Science & Technology         |

### Candidate performance

In performing the required tasks, the candidate is expected to demonstrate the following communicative skills and use the language items listed below.

#### Communicative skills

##### In the Telephone task phase

- ▶ Initiate the discourse
- ▶ Use appropriate register and conventions as required by the task
- ▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately to verbal prompts
- ▶ Seek clarification of the written prompt if necessary
- ▶ Bring the task to a satisfactory conclusion
- ▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions and grammar listed opposite

##### In the Topic discussion phase

- ▶ Give information about the prepared topic in a series of linked long turns according to the notes given to the examiner
- ▶ Show understanding of the examiner by answering questions on the prepared topic, and participate in informal discussion of the topic, during which the examiner might request more information, facts or details
- ▶ Respond to requests for clarification and give reasons for making particular statements
- ▶ Ask the examiner at least one question about the topic area

##### In the Discussion phase

- ▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately to questions
- ▶ Respond to requests for clarification and give reasons for making particular statements
- ▶ Ask the examiner at least one question about the subject area

## Language production

### Language functions

- Exchanging greetings and leave-taking in an appropriate register
- Giving personal information
- Describing manner and frequency
- Describing people, objects and routines
- Talking about the future – discussing plans and intentions, and informing and predicting
- Expressing simple comparisons
- Expressing likes, dislikes and preferences
- Talking about past events including events in the indefinite and recent past
- Giving reasons
- Stating the duration of events
- Quantifying

### Grammar

- Present simple tense and present continuous tense
- Past simple tense (regular and irregular verbs)
- Present perfect tense including use with *for, since, ever, never, just*
- *Will* referring to the future for informing and predicting
- *Going to* and present continuous tense referring to the future
- Expressions of preference, e.g. *I prefer, I'd rather*
- Link words, e.g. *and, then, but, because*
- Adjectives (comparatives and superlatives)
- Adverbs of manner and frequency, and adverbials of quantity, e.g. *a lot (of), not very much, many*
- Formation of questions and the use of question words

### Lexis

- Vocabulary specific to the topic category
- Vocabulary specific to the subject areas
- Expressions relating to past and future time, e.g. *two days ago, in the future*
- Phrases and expressions relating to the language functions listed above

### Phonology

- The correct pronunciation of vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas
- The combination of weak forms and contractions, e.g. *I've been to...*
- The intonation patterns of basic question forms

## Subject areas for the Discussion phase

One subject area for conversation will be selected by the examiner from the list below.

- After-work activities
- Different workplaces
- Jobs and people
- Recent events at work
- Work experience

SEW 1 communicative skills and functions have been mapped to B1 in the CEFR.

# SEW 2

## Introduction

### Candidate profile

A candidate who has successfully passed SEW 2 can:

- ▶ express personal opinions on familiar work-related subjects of personal interest or related to everyday life and their field of interest
- ▶ demonstrate a sufficient range of language to give reasons and explanations for opinions
- ▶ understand more complex and relatively long utterances when discussing subjects
- ▶ develop conversations on a wide range of general subjects related to his or her field of interest using some complex sentence forms spontaneously
- ▶ initiate, maintain and end discourse using turn-taking techniques.

This profile is based on the level Independent User, B2.1, of the Council of Europe's Common European Framework of Reference.

### Examination format

The SEW 2 examination consists of the following:

- ▶ Telephone task
- ▶ Interactive task
- ▶ Introductions
- ▶ Candidate-led discussion of a prepared topic
- ▶ Discussion on one subject area
- ▶ End of examination and leave-taking.

### Examination procedure

The examination begins with the **Telephone task phase**. The candidate is shown to the telephone room by the supervisor where they are given a written prompt. The candidate has a short time in which to read the prompt and, if they wish, make notes. The candidate then telephones the examiner, who is in another room. It is the responsibility of the candidate to initiate the conversation in order to resolve the issue and bring it to a successful close. This phase lasts no more than three minutes.

When this phase is over the candidate and examiner stay on the telephone for the **Interactive task phase**. The examiner remains in the same role as in the Telephone task phase and gives the candidate an oral prompt to which the candidate has to respond by questioning the examiner to find out more information and by making comments. Once the examiner has set up the situation the candidate takes responsibility for maintaining the interaction. This phase lasts no more than four minutes. If the candidate fails to initiate or to maintain the interaction the phase will not extend to the full four minutes.

Once this phase is over the candidate will go to the examination room and meet the examiner. The examiner introduces himself or herself and spends a few moments setting the candidate at ease. The examiner also asks the candidate for his or her ID and the examination proceeds to the next phase.

The candidate is invited to introduce the topic and initiate the **Topic discussion phase** by presenting information on the chosen topic. The discussion is led by the candidate who provides most of the input. This is in the form of more sustained long turns than at SEW 1. The candidate is responsible for engaging the examiner in discussion of the topic and must be prepared to ask and answer questions, or handle interruptions or requests for clarification throughout the discussion. This phase lasts no more than seven minutes.

After this, the examiner moves onto the **Discussion phase**. The examiner selects one of the listed subject areas and engages the candidate in conversation. During the discussion the candidate gives information, makes statements and responds as appropriate. This phase lasts no more than five minutes.

The examiner brings the phase and the examination to an end.

## Assessment

The examiner assesses the candidate's performance by selecting one of four levels of performance and awards a letter grade, A, B, C or D for Task fulfilment for the Telephone task, Interactive task, Topic discussion and Discussion phases. These levels can be classified as follows:

- ▶ A – Distinction
- ▶ B – Merit
- ▶ C – Pass
- ▶ D – Fail.

The combination of the four letter grades, i.e. the ones awarded for the **Telephone task, Interactive task, Topic discussion** and **Discussion** provides the overall level of achievement. The examiner gives a provisional indication on the Examination report form as to whether the candidate has passed or failed.

Examiners indicate key areas which are in need of improvement by using the appropriate tick boxes provided on the Examination report form.

## Guidance

### i) Telephone task phase

The Telephone task phase provides candidates with the opportunity to demonstrate that they can handle work-related conversations in English over the telephone when there are no other paralinguistic aids, such as facial gestures and body language to help them. Since this is the first phase of the examination the candidate has not met the examiner, thus making the interaction more authentic.

At the beginning of this phase, the candidate is shown to the telephone room by the supervisor and given a written prompt. The candidate has five minutes to read the prompt carefully and make any notes they consider necessary. The candidate then initiates the interaction by telephoning the examiner. During the telephone conversation the candidate needs to give information and ask questions, as well as answer the examiner's questions to address the situation in the prompt fully and bring the conversation to a satisfactory conclusion. Reading skills are not assessed and candidates should ask for clarification in the actual task should they need to do so. While candidates are free to be themselves the examiner assumes a role for the duration of the exchange, therefore candidates need to be aware of and use the appropriate register and conventions for this task.

The prompts use, and are designed to elicit, a variety of the language structures and functions of the level and so candidates need to be thoroughly prepared in this regard. When preparing candidates, those responsible should, where possible, ensure that candidates have the opportunity to practise making telephone calls in the same way as in the examination.

This phase of the examination lasts for up to three minutes so candidates need to bear this in mind when looking at the prompt. As this part of the examination resembles a role play, the examiner will help to extend the interaction in the given role if necessary, but the candidates should not be looking for a very short resolution to the situation.

An example of a SEW 2 prompt can be found overleaf.

Sample examinations at SEW 2 can be found on the Trinity website [www.trinitycollege.co.uk/SEWvideos](http://www.trinitycollege.co.uk/SEWvideos). A DVD showing examples of the examinations at all levels is also available to Registered Centres.

**Sample Telephone task prompt**

You have to go to a very important meeting next week. You haven't received some important information from your colleague in another department. Call your colleague and ask for an explanation and resolve the situation.

Meeting:	Annual meeting with the owners of the company
Number of people:	20 people, including senior management
Time:	In 2 days' time. The meeting is at 9am
You need:	Sales and profit figures for the last 5 years

**ii) Interactive task phase**

This phase provides the opportunity for candidates to demonstrate their ability to initiate and take control of the interaction. In addition to general functions such as requesting information, the language functions listed for this level should arise naturally from each task prompt. In this phase the emphasis is placed upon the candidate's ability to use functional language rather than upon the accurate use of the grammatical structures listed.

It is important that, once the examiner has set up the situation, the candidate takes responsibility for the interaction. The interaction will take the form of multiple turns, with the examiner's turns being much shorter than those of the candidate.

This phase follows directly on from the Telephone task and is also conducted over the telephone. The examiner remains in the same role as in the Telephone task but candidates are free to be themselves so as to create as authentic an exchange as possible. At the start of this phase the examiner says: '*Now while you're on the phone...*' and then tells the candidate the situation. From that point it is the candidate's responsibility to take control of the exchange by eliciting, for example, further information, making suggestions and expressing possibility.

This phase lasts no more than four minutes. In this phase, the responsibility for maintaining the interaction is the candidate's. If a candidate fails to initiate or to maintain the interaction of this phase the examiner will not intervene and take control. In such a case the phase will not extend to the full four minutes and the candidate's performance will not be rated highly.

Candidates should be able to understand and use the language functions of the level to take full part in the exchange.

**Sample Interactive task**

**Examiner:** *Now while you're on the phone [candidate's name], there's something I'd like to talk to you about. My manager has asked me to work on Saturday. This is the third in a row. It's not usual practice and I'm not sure what I should do. What would you do?*

**iii) Topic discussion phase (candidate-led)**

When preparing their topic candidates must select a category they wish to talk about from the topic category list provided on page 22. Before the examination, the candidate must compile some brief notes to give to the examiner at the start of this phase. A short sentence is sufficient for each point in the notes. Diagrams should be clearly labelled to enable the examiner to ask questions. The notes or diagrams do not form part of the assessment. Candidates select a topic and plan the aspects of the topic which they would like to inform the examiner about and discuss. As at SEW 1, candidates should prepare a topic on a work-related subject they are interested in, knowledgeable about and able to discuss with the examiner. The topic chosen should also provide the candidate with the opportunity to demonstrate the language requirements of the level. Although the examiner will try to elicit the language items of the level where necessary, it is to the candidate's advantage for these to be incorporated into their own contributions. The topic **should not** be chosen from the list of subject areas for the Discussion phase – this is to enable the candidate to show the necessary range of language throughout the examination.

As one of the main objectives for the Topic discussion phase is to allow the candidates and examiner to engage in a **spontaneous discussion** about a subject the candidate has chosen and is interested in, candidates must not prepare their topic as a written script. This inevitably results in a memorised recital and this type of interaction will not meet the requirements stated under the Communicative skills heading. Candidates are advised to think carefully about the amount of material necessary for their topic, bearing in mind the time available. They should prepare enough material to sustain a discussion of the topic for up to seven minutes, but not more. Regardless of the amount of material, the examiner will bring this phase to an end at the allotted time.

In preparing their topic, candidates are advised to anticipate questions the examiner might ask. They should be prepared to give further examples, explanations, clarifications and personal opinions as requested by the examiner.

Candidates can bring into the examination one or more pictures, photos, diagrams, models or other suitable objects to illustrate the prepared topic and aid the discussion with the examiner. However, dangerous objects such as knives are not allowed in the examination room.

N.B. The brief notes for the topic can be written up by a person other than the candidate as written skills in English are not being assessed in these examinations. However, the content of the list should have originated from the candidate.

A successful candidate who has failed to select one of the 12 categories listed for the topic will be issued with an incomplete certificate with a blank space where the topic category should be shown.

A candidate who fails to prepare a topic for discussion cannot be assessed for Task fulfilment for this phase. The phase will be voided and this may result in a fail being awarded for the examination as a whole.

#### **iv) Discussion phase**

The Discussion phase includes discussion of one of the subject areas listed for the level. At this level, the candidate will be capable of initiating and sustaining longer turns than at SEW 1. Although a candidate's interests and abilities may still limit the scope and direction of the discussion, they will be expected to:

- ▶ take more responsibility for the content
- ▶ contribute opinions and ideas as well as information on the subject areas listed
- ▶ maintain the flow of the exchange
- ▶ ask for further information, opinions and clarification from the examiner
- ▶ demonstrate to the examiner the range and quality of the language of the level at their command.

## SEW 2 format

**Total examination time: 20 minutes**

(including 1 minute for room change after the Telephone task)

**The examination consists of four assessed phases:**

- ▶ Telephone task (up to 3 minutes)
- ▶ Interactive task (up to 4 minutes)
- ▶ Candidate-led discussion of a topic prepared by the candidate (up to 7 minutes)
- ▶ Discussion on one subject area selected by the examiner (up to 5 minutes).

## Topic categories

Candidates **must** select one of the 12 categories listed below on which to base their topic. If a candidate chooses 'Advertising' or 'Media' as their topic, for example, the category 'Advertising & Media' will be shown on the certificate. Failure to choose one of the categories will result in an incomplete certificate.

- |                             |                                  |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Advertising & Media      | 7. Law & Government              |
| 2. Design & the Arts        | 8. Management & Administration   |
| 3. Education & Training     | 9. Manufacturing & Engineering   |
| 4. Health & Public Services | 10. Marketing & Public Relations |
| 5. Hospitality & Tourism    | 11. Retail & Finance             |
| 6. IT & Communications      | 12. Science & Technology         |

## Candidate performance

In performing the required tasks, the candidate is expected to demonstrate the following communicative skills and use the language items listed overleaf.

### Communicative skills

#### In the Telephone task phase

- ▶ Initiate and maintain the discourse
- ▶ Use appropriate register and conventions as required by the task
- ▶ Seek clarification of the written prompt if necessary
- ▶ Help the discussion along by inviting comment from the examiner
- ▶ Take and give up turns when appropriate to do so
- ▶ Bring the task to a satisfactory conclusion
- ▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions and grammar listed opposite

#### In the Interactive task phase

- ▶ Initiate the discourse
- ▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately to verbal prompts
- ▶ Maintain the discourse by asking for and giving information as appropriate
- ▶ Take and give up turns when appropriate to do so
- ▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions listed opposite

#### In the Topic discussion phase

- ▶ Engage the examiner in discussion of the topic
- ▶ Show understanding by responding appropriately to the examiner
- ▶ Communicate a variety of facts, ideas and opinions, and account for these, about a chosen topic linked across a series of extended turns
- ▶ Be prepared to ask and answer questions about the content of the topic
- ▶ Handle interruptions or requests for clarification throughout the discussion of the topic

#### In the Discussion phase

- ▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately
- ▶ Share the responsibility for the maintenance of the interaction with the examiner
- ▶ In case of a breakdown in communication, show awareness and take basic steps to remedy it

## Language production

The candidate is expected to demonstrate the ability to use the items listed below, in addition to the items listed for the previous SEW level.

### Language functions

- Expressing and requesting opinions and impressions
- Expressing obligation, intention and necessity
- Expressing possibility, certainty and uncertainty
- Giving advice and highlighting advantages and disadvantages
- Making suggestions
- Describing past habits
- Eliciting further information and expansion of ideas and opinions
- Expressing agreement and disagreement

### Grammar

- Present continuous tense for future use
- Open, first and second conditionals
- Past continuous tense
- Infinitive of purpose
- Simple passive
- *Used to*
- Relative clauses
- Modals and phrases used to express obligation and necessity, e.g. *must, have to, need to, don't have to*
- Modals and phrases used to give advice and make suggestions, e.g. *should, ought to, could*
- Modals and phrases used to express possibility and uncertainty, e.g. *may, might, I'm not sure*
- Discourse connectors *because of, due to*

### Lexis

- Vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas
- Further expressions relating to future time, e.g. *the day after tomorrow*
- Expressions of agreement and disagreement
- Appropriate words and expressions to indicate interest and show awareness of the speaker, e.g. *Really? What good news! How unfortunate*
- Simple fillers to give time for thought, e.g. *Well ... Um...*
- Phrases and expressions relating to the language functions listed above

### Phonology

- The correct pronunciation of vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas
- Sentence stress to clarify meaning
- Basic intonation and features of connected speech at sentence level and beyond
- Intonation patterns of more complex question forms
- Rising intonation to indicate interest and surprise as appropriate
- Falling intonation to indicate the end of a turn

## Subject areas for the Discussion phase

One subject area for discussion will be selected by the examiner from the list below.

- Finding employment
- National industry and local produce
- Rules and regulations at work
- The changing workplace
- Training for work

SEW 2 communicative skills and functions have been mapped to B2.1 in the CEFR.

# SEW 3

## Introduction

### Candidate profile

A candidate who has successfully passed SEW 3 can:

- ▶ understand complex and extended speech used in the discussion of reasonably familiar subjects
- ▶ communicate with some spontaneity and engage in extended conversation by giving clear descriptions and expressing and explaining views on most general subjects
- ▶ initiate, maintain and end discourse with effective turn-taking
- ▶ demonstrate a sufficient range of language to produce stretches of discourse, using some complex sentence forms and without much searching for words, while correcting most of his or her mistakes.

This profile is based on the level Independent User, B2.3, of the Council of Europe's Common European Framework of Reference.

### Examination format

The SEW 3 examination consists of the following:

- ▶ Telephone task
- ▶ Interactive task
- ▶ Introductions
- ▶ Presentation of a topic
- ▶ Examiner-led topic discussion
- ▶ Discussion on one subject area
- ▶ End of examination and leave-taking.

### Examination procedure

The examination begins with the **Telephone task phase**. The candidate is shown to the telephone room by the supervisor, where he or she is given a written prompt. The candidate has a short time in which to read the prompt and, if they wish, make notes. The candidate then telephones the examiner, who is in another room. It is the responsibility of the candidate to initiate the conversation in order to discuss and resolve the issue and bring it to a successful close. This task lasts no more than three minutes.

When this phase is over the candidate and examiner stay on the telephone for the **Interactive task phase**. The examiner remains in the same role as in the Telephone task and gives the candidate a verbal prompt to which the candidate has to respond by questioning the examiner to find out more information, evaluate options and offer opinions. Once the examiner has set up the situation the candidate takes responsibility for maintaining the interaction. This phase lasts no more than four minutes. If the candidate fails to initiate or to maintain the interaction the phase will not extend to the full four minutes.

Once this phase is over the candidate will go to the examination room and meet the examiner. The examiner introduces himself or herself and spends a few moments setting the candidate at ease. The examiner also asks the candidate for his or her ID and the examination proceeds to the next phase.

The examiner invites the candidate to present his or her work-related topic. The candidate provides the examiner with a written outline of the topic in note form before starting their presentation.

The candidate gives an oral topic presentation for the **Topic presentation phase**. The examiner makes notes during the presentation to inform the following discussion. This phase lasts no more than five minutes.

After bringing the presentation to an end, the examiner initiates the **Topic discussion phase** by asking for clarification, exemplification and further debate of the issues raised in the presentation. This phase lasts no more than five minutes.

After this, the examiner moves onto the **Discussion phase**. The examiner selects one of the subject areas listed for this phase (see page 29) and engages the candidate in conversation. During the discussion the candidate gives information, makes statements and responds as appropriate. This phase lasts no more than five minutes.

The examiner brings the phase and the examination to an end.

## Assessment

The examiner assesses the candidate's performance by selecting one of four levels of performance and awards a letter grade, A, B, C or D for Task fulfilment for the Telephone task, Interactive task, Topic presentation, Topic discussion, and Discussion phases. These can be classified as follows:

- ▶ A – Distinction
- ▶ B – Merit
- ▶ C – Pass
- ▶ D – Fail.

The combination of the five letter grades, i.e. the ones awarded for the **Telephone task, Interactive task, Topic presentation, Topic discussion** and **Discussion**, provides the overall level of achievement. The examiner gives a provisional indication on the Examination report form as to whether the candidate has passed or failed.

Examiners indicate key areas which are in need of improvement by using the appropriate tick boxes provided on the Examination report form.

## Guidance

### i) Telephone task phase

The Telephone task phase provides candidates with the opportunity to demonstrate that they can handle work-related conversations in English over the telephone when there are no other paralinguistic aids such as facial gestures and body language to help them. Since this is the first phase of the examination the candidate has not met the examiner, thus making the interaction more authentic.

At the beginning of this phase, the candidate is shown to the telephone room by the supervisor. The candidate is given a written prompt and has five minutes to read the prompt carefully and make any notes they consider necessary. The candidate then initiates the interaction by phoning the examiner. During the telephone conversation, the candidate needs to give information and ask questions as well as answer the examiner's questions to address the situation in the prompt fully and bring the conversation to a satisfactory conclusion. Reading skills are not assessed and candidates should ask for clarification during the telephone conversation should they need to do so. While candidates are free to be themselves, the examiner assumes a role for the duration of the exchange, therefore candidates need to be aware of and use the appropriate register and conventions for this task.

The prompts use, and are designed to elicit, a variety of the language structures and functions of the level and so candidates need to be thoroughly prepared in this regard. When preparing candidates, those responsible should, where possible, ensure that the candidates have the opportunity to practise making telephone calls in the same way as in the examination.

This phase of the examination lasts for up to three minutes so candidates need to bear this in mind when looking at the prompt. As this part of the examination resembles a role play, the examiner will help to extend the interaction in the given role if necessary, but the candidates should not be looking for a very short resolution to the situation.

An example of a SEW 3 prompt can be found overleaf.

Sample examinations at SEW 3 can be found on the Trinity website [www.trinitycollege.co.uk/SEWvideos](http://www.trinitycollege.co.uk/SEWvideos). A DVD showing examples of the examinations at all levels is also available to Registered Centres.

**Sample Telephone task prompt**

You work in Personnel. You recently attended a meeting about a new law to be passed in your country which will affect employment contracts. Call the finance manager to report what you learnt at the meeting.

Points to cover:

- ▶ The minimum working hours are to increase
- ▶ The minimum wage is to increase
- ▶ Paternity leave entitlement is to increase.

**ii) Interactive task phase**

This phase provides the opportunity for candidates to demonstrate their ability to initiate and take control of the interaction. In addition to general functions such as requesting information, the language functions listed for this level should arise naturally from each task prompt. In this phase, the emphasis is placed upon the candidate's ability to use functional language rather than upon the accurate use of the grammatical structures listed.

It is important that, once the examiner has set up the situation, the candidate takes responsibility for the interaction. The interaction will take the form of multiple turns, with the examiner's turns being much shorter than those of the candidate.

This phase follows directly on from the Telephone task phase and is also conducted over the telephone. The examiner remains in the same role as in the Telephone task but candidates are free to be themselves so as to create as authentic an exchange as possible. At the start of this phase the examiner says: '*Now while you're on the phone...*' and then tells the candidate the situation. From that point it is the candidate's responsibility to take control over the exchange by, for example, eliciting further information, hypothesising and evaluating options.

This phase should last no more than four minutes. In this phase the responsibility for maintaining the interaction is the candidate's. If a candidate fails to initiate or to maintain the interaction, the examiner will not intervene and take control. In such a case, the phase will not extend to the full four minutes and the candidate's performance will not be rated highly.

Candidates should be able to understand and use the language functions of the level to take full part in the exchange.

**Sample Interactive task**

**Examiner:** *Now while you're on the phone [candidate's name], there's something I'd like to talk to you about. I've been thinking of taking a year off and doing something different. I think it will help me both personally and professionally.*

**iii) Topic presentation phase**

Before the examination, the candidate prepares a five-minute presentation of a topic on a work-related subject of their choice, within the topic categories listed on page 28. Candidates are advised to select their topics carefully. Subject knowledge is not assessed in the examination, but the talk should be informative and presented in such a way as to engage and maintain the examiner's interest. The candidate must compile some brief notes or a diagram to give to the examiner at the start of this phase. A short sentence is sufficient for each point in the notes. Diagrams should be clearly labelled to enable the examiner to ask questions. The notes or diagrams do not form part of the assessment.

Adherence to the timing of this phase is very important and so candidates are strongly advised to ensure that the presentation lasts up to but no longer than five minutes. Presentations which extend beyond the time allocated will be stopped so as to ensure that all other examination phases can proceed according to the stated requirements.

The notes should be given to the examiner before the start of the presentation. These notes will not be taken into account in the assessment of the phase. The candidate may have produced their own brief notes for personal use and these do not have to be shown to the examiner. As the presentation is oral, the use of complete written scripts in the presentation is not allowed.

During the presentation, the examiner will make notes on points which he or she wishes to raise in order to gain clarification or further information about the views and ideas expressed. The examiner is not collecting examples of the candidate's language for assessment purposes.

The presentation can be supported by technological aids (e.g. OHP/PowerPoint). Examiners must be notified at the beginning of the examination session if such aids are to be used. All such aids must be set up prior to the examination and be ready for immediate use at the beginning of the examination. There is no time allowed for the setting up or removal of such aids in the actual examination. Candidates who choose to use such aids are advised to have back-up material in case of power or equipment failure. As with the written handouts, skill in the technical preparation and use of such aids will not form part of the assessment. Candidates may stand or sit when delivering their presentations.

A successful candidate who has failed to select one of the 12 categories listed for the topic will be issued with an incomplete certificate with a blank space where the topic category should be shown.

#### **iv) Topic discussion phase (examiner-led)**

When preparing the topic, the candidate should try to anticipate the contributions of the examiner and think of ways of developing the topic beyond the limitations of the presentation. The examiner will initiate the discussion, but as the interaction is intended to be authentic, both parties have equal responsibility for maintaining the flow. There should be a real exchange of ideas and opinions with the candidate being able to challenge the examiner on their opinions. The candidate must be ready to exemplify and elaborate on the ideas and opinions given in the presentation.

The discussion is intended to be about the actual presentation rather than on the theme of the topic. The candidate is expected to be proactive in the discussion and not simply to respond to the contributions of the examiner.

A candidate who fails to prepare a topic cannot be assessed for Task fulfilment for the above two phases. The phases will be voided and this will result in a fail being awarded for the examination as a whole.

#### **v) Discussion phase (examiner-led)**

The conversation will include discussion of one of the subject areas listed for the level. At this level, the candidate will be capable of initiating and sustaining longer turns than at SEW 1 and SEW 2. Although a candidate's interests and abilities may still limit the scope and direction of the conversation, they will be expected to:

- ▶ take more responsibility for the content
- ▶ contribute opinions and ideas as well as information on the subject areas listed
- ▶ maintain the flow of the exchange
- ▶ demonstrate to the examiner the range and quality of the language of the level at their command.

## SEW 3 format

Total examination time: 23 minutes

(including 1 minute for room change after the Telephone task)

### The examination consists of five assessed phases:

- ▶ Telephone task (up to 3 minutes)
- ▶ Interactive task (up to 4 minutes)
- ▶ Topic presentation (up to 5 minutes)
- ▶ Topic discussion – examiner-led (up to 5 minutes)
- ▶ Discussion on one subject area selected by the examiner (up to 5 minutes).

### Topic categories

Candidates must select one of the 12 categories listed below on which to base their topic. If a candidate chooses 'Advertising' or 'Media' as their topic, for example, the category 'Advertising & Media' will be shown on the certificate. Failure to choose one of the categories will result in an incomplete certificate.

- |                             |                                  |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Advertising & Media      | 7. Law & Government              |
| 2. Design & the Arts        | 8. Management & Administration   |
| 3. Education & Training     | 9. Manufacturing & Engineering   |
| 4. Health & Public Services | 10. Marketing & Public Relations |
| 5. Hospitality & Tourism    | 11. Retail & Finance             |
| 6. IT & Communications      | 12. Science & Technology         |

### Candidate performance

In performing the required tasks, the candidate is expected to demonstrate the following communicative skills and use the language items listed opposite.

#### Communicative skills

##### In the Telephone task phase

- ▶ Initiate and maintain the discourse
- ▶ Use appropriate register and conventions as required by the task
- ▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately
- ▶ Seek clarification of the written prompt if necessary
- ▶ Take, keep, give up and offer turns when appropriate to do so
- ▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions and grammar listed opposite

##### In the Interactive task phase

- ▶ Initiate the discourse
- ▶ Maintain the discourse by asking for information, and commenting and elaborating on the responses obtained
- ▶ Develop the discussion by encouraging comment and opinion from the examiner
- ▶ Take, keep, give up and offer turns when appropriate to do so
- ▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions listed opposite

##### In the Topic presentation phase

- ▶ Give an informative presentation on a chosen subject, with an identifiable structure, using discourse connectors and cohesive devices, highlighting significant points
- ▶ Introduce the presentation, develop and support particular points of view and conclude

##### In the Topic discussion phase

- ▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately
- ▶ Handle interruptions by recapping and recovering
- ▶ Engage the examiner in discussion of the topic by inviting questions and commenting on the ideas in the presentation

##### In the Discussion phase

- ▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately
- ▶ Take more responsibility for the maintenance of the interaction with the examiner
- ▶ Follow up on comments from the examiner in order to develop the conversation
- ▶ In case of a breakdown in communication, use paraphrasing and circumlocution

## Language production

The candidate is expected to demonstrate the ability to use the items listed below, in addition to the items listed for the previous SEW levels.

### Language functions

- ▶ Expressing abstract ideas
- ▶ Expressing feelings and emotions such as regrets, wishes and hopes
- ▶ Expressing assumptions and speculating
- ▶ Expressing impossibility
- ▶ Reporting the conversation of others
- ▶ Persuading and discouraging
- ▶ Evaluating options
- ▶ Hypothesising
- ▶ Evaluating past actions or course of events

### Grammar

- ▶ Present perfect continuous tense
- ▶ Past perfect tense (including continuous form)
- ▶ Reported speech
- ▶ Third and mixed conditionals
- ▶ *Should/must/might/could* + perfect infinitive
- ▶ More complex forms of the passive with modals
- ▶ Verbs followed by gerund and/or infinitive, e.g. *forget, stop, go on, remember*
- ▶ Correct verb patterns after *wish* and *hope*
- ▶ Linking expressions, e.g. *even though, in spite of, unless, although*
- ▶ Cohesive devices, e.g. *so to continue, in other words, for example*

### Lexis

- ▶ Vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas
- ▶ Reporting verbs, e.g. *say, tell, ask, report, advise, promise*
- ▶ Appropriate words and expressions to encourage further participation, e.g. *And then? And what about you?*
- ▶ Cohesive devices to recap and recover, e.g. *As I was saying, Anyway...*
- ▶ Hesitation fillers, e.g. *I mean, you know*
- ▶ Stock phrases to gain time for thought and keep the turn, e.g. *Well, let me think...*
- ▶ Phrases and expressions relating to the language functions listed above

### Phonology

- ▶ The correct pronunciation of vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas
- ▶ Rising and falling intonation for keeping, giving up and offering turns
- ▶ Stress, intonation and pitch relevant to the functions listed above
- ▶ Stress and rhythm to highlight and emphasise main points and ideas
- ▶ Stress, intonation and pitch to convey emotion and attitude

## Subject areas for the Discussion phase

One subject area for discussion will be selected by the examiner from the list below.

- ▶ Advertisers and consumers
- ▶ Conditions of employment
- ▶ Environmental issues in business
- ▶ Relationships at work
- ▶ Technology and communication

SEW 3 communicative skills and functions have been mapped to B2.3 in the CEFR.

# SEW 4

## Introduction

### Candidate profile

A candidate who has successfully passed SEW 4 can:

- ▶ express themselves fluently and spontaneously, almost effortlessly
- ▶ expand and develop the point being discussed without any support and can handle interjections well
- ▶ use a wide range of complex language structures, vocabulary and functions
- ▶ use language flexibly and effectively for social, academic and professional purposes
- ▶ recognise and appreciate different registers and degrees of formality.

This profile is based on the level Proficient User, C1, of the Council of Europe's Common European Framework of Reference.

### Examination format

The examination at each grade consists of the following:

- ▶ Telephone task
- ▶ Interactive task
- ▶ Introductions
- ▶ Formal presentation of a topic prepared by the candidate
- ▶ Candidate-led discussion of the topic presentation with the examiner
- ▶ Discussion on one subject area selected by the examiner
- ▶ End of examination and leave-taking.

### Examination procedure

The examination begins with the **Telephone task phase**. The candidate is shown to the telephone room by the supervisor where they are given a written prompt. The candidate has a short time in which to read the prompt and, if they wish, make notes. The candidate then telephones the examiner, who is in another room. It is the responsibility of the candidate to initiate the conversation in order to resolve the issue and bring it to a successful close. This task lasts no more than four minutes.

When this phase is over the candidate and examiner stay on the telephone for the **Interactive task phase**. The examiner remains in the same role as in the Telephone task and gives the candidate an oral prompt to which the candidate has to respond by questioning the examiner, for example, to justify an argument and evaluate different standpoints and express reservations. Once the examiner has set up the situation the candidate takes responsibility for maintaining the interaction. This phase lasts no more than four minutes. If the candidate fails to initiate or to maintain the interaction, the phase will not extend to the full four minutes.

Once this phase is over the candidate will go to the examination room and meet the examiner. The examiner introduces himself or herself and spends a few moments setting the candidate at ease. The examiner also asks the candidate for their ID and the examination proceeds to the next phase.

The examiner invites the candidate to present his or her work-related topic. The candidate provides the examiner with a written outline of the topic in note form before starting their presentation.

The candidate gives an oral formal topic presentation for the **Formal topic presentation phase**. The examiner makes notes during the presentation to inform the following discussion. This phase lasts no more than eight minutes.

After bringing the presentation to an end, the candidate initiates the **Topic discussion phase** by asking whether the examiner would like to comment on any specific points raised in the presentation. The examiner may ask for clarification, and/or justification while engaging in further debate of the issues raised in the presentation. This phase lasts no more than five minutes.

After this, the examiner moves onto the **Discussion phase**. The examiner selects one of the listed subject areas and engages the candidate in conversation. During the discussion the candidate gives information, makes statements and responds as appropriate. This phase lasts no more than five minutes.

The examiner brings the phase and the examination to an end.

## Assessment

The examiner assesses the candidate's performance by selecting one of four levels of performance and awards a letter grade, A, B, C or D for Task fulfilment for the Telephone task, Interactive task, Topic presentation, Topic discussion, and Discussion phases. These can be classified as follows:

- ▶ A – Distinction
- ▶ B – Merit
- ▶ C – Pass
- ▶ D – Fail.

The combination of the five letter grades awarded for Task fulfilment, i.e. one each for the **Telephone task**, **Interactive task**, **Formal topic presentation**, **Topic discussion** and the **Discussion**, provides the overall level of achievement. The examiner gives a provisional indication on the Examination report form as to whether the candidate has passed or failed.

## Guidance

Examinations at this level demand a much higher level of language proficiency and communication skills than is required at the lower levels. Candidates will need to be well motivated and be able to handle abstract concepts and to contribute to high level discussion of complex issues.

### i) Telephone task phase

The Telephone task phase provides candidates with the opportunity to demonstrate that they can handle work-related conversations in English over the telephone when there are no other paralinguistic aids such as facial gestures and body language to help them. Since this is the first phase of the examination the candidate has not met the examiner, thus making the interaction more authentic.

At the beginning of this phase of the examination, the candidate is shown to the telephone room by the supervisor and given a written prompt. The candidate has five minutes to read the prompt carefully and make any notes he or she considers necessary. The candidate then initiates the interaction by calling the examiner. During the telephone conversation, the candidate needs to give information and ask questions as well as answer the examiner's questions to address the situation in the prompt fully and bring the conversation to a satisfactory conclusion. Reading skills are not assessed and candidates should ask for clarification over the telephone should they need to do so. While candidates are free to be themselves, the examiner assumes a role for the duration of the exchange, therefore candidates need to be aware of and use the appropriate register and conventions for this task.

The prompts use, and are designed to elicit, a variety of the language structures and functions of the level and so candidates need to be thoroughly prepared in this regard. When preparing candidates, those responsible should, where possible, ensure that the candidates have the opportunity to practise making telephone calls in the same way as in the examination.

This phase lasts for up to four minutes so candidates need to bear this in mind when looking at the prompt. As this part of the examination resembles a role play, the examiner will help to extend the interaction in the given role if necessary, but the candidates should not be looking for a very short resolution to the situation.

An example of a SEW 4 prompt can be found overleaf.

Sample examinations at SEW 4 can be found on the Trinity website [www.trinitycollege.co.uk/SEWvideos](http://www.trinitycollege.co.uk/SEWvideos). A DVD showing examples of the examinations at all levels is also available to Registered Centres.

**Sample Telephone task prompt**

On safety grounds, you have just refused to work with a certain colleague. You call your manager to explain the situation and defend your action.

Points to cover:

- ▶ Equipment – not maintained
- ▶ Clothing – inadequate
- ▶ Safety procedures – not followed
- ▶ No up-to-date safety information provided.

**ii) Interactive task phase**

This phase provides the opportunity for candidates to demonstrate their ability to initiate and take control of the interaction. At this level the tasks have been designed to provide candidates with the opportunity of demonstrating not only their ability to express the functions of the level but also their control over the grammatical items listed for all the SEW levels up to and including SEW 3.

It is important that, once the examiner has set up the situation, the candidate takes responsibility for the interaction. The interaction will take the form of multiple turns, with the examiner's turns being much shorter than those of the candidate.

This phase follows directly on from the Telephone task phase and is also conducted over the telephone. The examiner remains in the same role as in the Telephone task but candidates are free to be themselves so as to create as authentic an exchange as possible. At the start of this phase the examiner says: *'While you're on the phone...'* and then tells the candidate the situation. From that point it is the candidate's responsibility to take control over the exchange by eliciting, for example, further information, expressing caution, politely refusing and deducing.

This phase should last no more than four minutes. In this phase, the responsibility for maintaining the interaction is the candidate's. If a candidate fails to initiate or to maintain the interaction of this phase the examiner will not intervene and take control. In such a case, the phase will not extend to the full four minutes and the candidate's performance will not be rated highly.

Candidates should be able to understand and use the language functions of the level to take full part in the exchange.

**Sample Interactive task**

**Examiner:** *Now while you're on the phone [candidate's name], there's something I'd like to talk to you about. We've got some issues around stress management at work. Do you believe in confronting colleagues with a problem or going about it in a different way?*

**iii) Formal topic presentation phase**

Before the examination, the candidate prepares an eight-minute formal presentation of a topic on a work-related subject of his or her choice, within the topic categories listed on page 34. Candidates are advised to select their topics carefully. Subject knowledge is not assessed in the examination, but the talk should be informative and discursive, and presented in such a way as to engage and maintain the examiner's interest.

Adherence to the timing of this phase is very important and so candidates are strongly advised to ensure that the presentation lasts up to but no longer than eight minutes. Presentations which extend beyond the time allocated will be stopped so as to ensure that all other examination phases can proceed according to the stated requirements.

The candidate must give a set of brief notes to the examiner before the start of the presentation. These notes will not be taken into account in the assessment of the phase as it is a candidate's oral skills which are being assessed and not their writing skills. The candidate may have produced his or her own brief notes for personal use and these do not have to be shown to the examiner. As the presentation is oral, the use of complete written scripts in the presentation is not allowed.

During the presentation, the examiner will make notes on points which he or she wishes to raise in order to gain clarification or further information about the views and ideas expressed. The examiner is not collecting examples of the candidate's language for assessment purposes.

The presentation can be supported by technological aids (e.g. OHP/PowerPoint). Examiners must be notified at the beginning of the examination session if such aids are to be used. All such aids must be set up prior to the examination and be ready for immediate use at the beginning of the examination. There is no time allowed for the setting up or removal of such aids in the actual examination. Candidates who choose to use such aids are advised to have back-up material in case of power or equipment failure. As with the written handouts, skill in the technical preparation and use of such aids will not form part of the assessment. Candidates may stand or sit when delivering their presentation.

#### **iv) Topic discussion phase (candidate-led)**

When preparing the topic, the candidate should try to anticipate the contributions of the examiner and think of ways of developing the topic beyond the limitations of the formal presentation. The interaction is intended to be an authentic discussion with both parties having equal responsibility for maintaining the flow. There should be a real exchange of ideas and opinions with the candidate being able to challenge the examiner on his or her opinions. The candidate must be ready to justify, exemplify and elaborate on the ideas and opinions given in the presentation.

The discussion is intended to be about the actual presentation rather than on the theme of the topic. The candidate is expected to be proactive by starting and maintaining the discussion and not simply responding to the contributions of the examiner throughout this phase.

A candidate who fails to prepare a topic cannot be assessed for Task fulfilment for the above two phases. The phases will be voided and this will result in a fail being awarded for the examination as a whole.

#### **v) Discussion phase**

The discussion will include debate of one of the subject areas listed for the level (see page 35). At this level, the candidate will be fully capable of initiating and sustaining the discussion. Candidates will be expected to:

- ▶ take a large degree of responsibility for the content
- ▶ contribute carefully considered opinions and ideas on the subject areas listed
- ▶ maintain and influence the flow of the exchange
- ▶ demonstrate to the examiner a very wide range of accurately-used language.

## SEW 4 format

Total examination time: 27 minutes  
(including 1 minute for room change after the Telephone task)

The examination consists of five assessed phases:

- ▶ Telephone task (up to 4 minutes)
- ▶ Interactive task (up to 4 minutes)
- ▶ Formal presentation of a topic prepared by the candidate (up to 8 minutes)
- ▶ Candidate-led discussion of the topic presentation with the examiner (up to 5 minutes)
- ▶ Discussion on one subject area selected by the examiner (up to 5 minutes).

### Topic categories

Candidates must select one of the 12 categories listed below on which to base their topic. If a candidate chooses 'Advertising' or 'Media' as their topic, for example, the category 'Advertising & Media' will be shown on the certificate. Failure to choose one of the categories will result in an incomplete certificate.

- |                             |                                  |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Advertising & Media      | 7. Law & Government              |
| 2. Design & the Arts        | 8. Management & Administration   |
| 3. Education & Training     | 9. Manufacturing & Engineering   |
| 4. Health & Public Services | 10. Marketing & Public Relations |
| 5. Hospitality & Tourism    | 11. Retail & Finance             |
| 6. IT & Communications      | 12. Science & Technology         |

### Candidate performance

In performing the required tasks, the candidate is expected to demonstrate the following communicative skills and use the language items listed opposite.

#### Communicative skills

##### In the Telephone task phase

- ▶ Initiate the discourse
- ▶ Use appropriate register and conventions as required by the task
- ▶ Seek clarification of the written prompt if necessary
- ▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately to verbal prompts
- ▶ Maintain and control the discourse by asking for and giving information and elaborating as appropriate
- ▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions and grammar listed opposite

##### In the Interactive task phase

- ▶ Take full responsibility for maintaining the flow of conversation by changing the direction of the conversation when necessary
- ▶ Use turn-taking conventions to facilitate a successful conclusion to the interaction
- ▶ Relate their own contributions to the prompt
- ▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions and grammar listed opposite

##### In the Formal topic presentation phase

- ▶ Give a formal presentation, informative and partly discursive in nature, on a chosen subject, with an identifiable structure, using discourse connectors and cohesive devices with evidence of some controlled use of organisational patterns
- ▶ Introduce the presentation, develop and support particular points of view with subsidiary points and conclude

##### In the Topic discussion phase

- ▶ Be prepared to justify the ideas and opinions given in the presentation
- ▶ Engage the examiner by inviting questions and encouraging comment on the ideas etc. provided in the presentation
- ▶ Respond to challenges made by the examiner

##### In the Discussion phase

- ▶ Anticipate the direction of the conversation and cope with change of direction
- ▶ Demonstrate the ability to infer and extract meaning from vague or imprecise language
- ▶ Evaluate and challenge statements and arguments made by the examiner
- ▶ Participate fully without much obvious searching for expressions

## Language production

The candidate is expected to demonstrate the ability to use the items listed below, in addition to the items listed for the previous SEW levels.

### Language functions

- ▶ Developing and justifying an argument
- ▶ Deducing
- ▶ Expressing empathy and sympathy
- ▶ Expressing caution
- ▶ Challenging arguments and opinions
- ▶ Evaluating different standpoints
- ▶ Defending a point of view
- ▶ Summarising information, ideas and arguments
- ▶ Expressing reservations and politely refusing

### Grammar

- ▶ A broad range of complex structures, used flexibly and effectively in combination and contrast
- ▶ A high degree of grammatical accuracy, errors are rare and difficult to identify

### Lexis

- ▶ Vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas
- ▶ Expressions used before challenging, e.g. *That's a good point but...*, *Perhaps I didn't explain my point clearly...*
- ▶ Expressions for downplaying and softening, e.g. *It's quite difficult*, *If I could just ask...*
- ▶ Signposting expressions, e.g. *I'd like to begin with...*, *On the other hand...*, *So to sum up...*
- ▶ Tentative expressions, e.g. *I may be wrong but...*, *Don't you think it might be...*
- ▶ Language of caution, e.g. *It tends to be*, *It seems as if...*
- ▶ Vague and imprecise language, e.g. *a bit more*, *a hundred people or so*
- ▶ Phrases and expressions relating to the language functions listed above

### Phonology

- ▶ The correct pronunciation of topic-category and subject-area specific vocabulary
- ▶ Various features of pronunciation which only occasionally deviate from an internationally intelligible model. Minimal first language interference at word and sentence level
- ▶ A range of stress and intonation patterns, pitch and volume to convey shifts in meaning and attitude

## Subject areas for the Discussion phase

One subject area for discussion will be selected by the examiner from the list below.

- ▶ Current trends in business
- ▶ Equal opportunities
- ▶ Ethics in business
- ▶ Unemployment
- ▶ Workers' rights

SEW 4 communicative skills and functions have been mapped to C1 in the CEFR.

### Regulations

#### Age and entry requirements

Trinity's Spoken English for Work examinations are for learners whose native language is not English. Anyone aged 16 years and above at the time of examination is eligible. There is no upper age limit.

Candidates may enter at any level without having previously taken any other Trinity examination, although it is recommended that candidates have studied English for a reasonable length of time before taking a SEW examination.

Applications for examinations will be accepted by Trinity on the condition that candidates are examined according to the requirements of the current syllabus. It is the responsibility of the centre to ensure that they and the candidate are following the current syllabus and regulations.

Candidates cannot enter for more than one level in the same examination session.

Once candidates have been submitted for an examination no changes to the entries are permitted. Should an exceptional circumstance arise after this time, for example a natural disaster, health issue or bereavement, please contact your National/Area Consultant or Trinity's London office. Written evidence may be required.

If a candidate does not reach the level required to pass and wishes to re-sit an examination, a minimum of one month must elapse before the candidate may enter again.

Candidate entries received after the relevant closing date cannot be guaranteed and will be subject to a surcharge. These dates can be obtained from National/Area Consultants and Trinity's London office.

Trinity Online gives approved individuals and centres in the Trinity network worldwide direct access to their own candidate information held on Trinity's central database. This website is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. It will make your examination administration quicker and easier, and you can view, analyse and print out your results for quality assurance and reporting.

#### Results and certificates

Each candidate for Spoken English for Work receives an Examination report form, evaluating performance in the form of letter grades and highlighting areas in need of improvement. A provisional final overall statement of Pass or Fail is given on the Examination report form which will be given to the Centre Representative immediately after the examination session finishes. The letter grade profiles can be converted into the four overall levels of attainment by using the Results look-up tables which can be found on the Trinity website [www.trinitycollege.co.uk](http://www.trinitycollege.co.uk)

The four levels of performance are:

- ▶ Pass with Distinction
- ▶ Pass with Merit
- ▶ Pass
- ▶ Fail.

The results issued at the end of the session are provisional and are only intended to provide an indication of the likely outcome of the examination. Centres are strongly advised to check any borderline results by using the Results look-up tables provided on the website. The final result will be confirmed by the issue of a certificate, or, in the case of a fail, centres can confirm the results by checking Trinity Online. The provisional nature of the results provided on the Examination report form is clearly stated and only the final results, i.e. those issued by Trinity's London office in the form of a certificate, are valid.

Examiners issue Examination report forms only to the teacher in charge or the Centre Representative. Examiners are not allowed to give details of results in any other way or to any other person.

Successful candidates will receive a certificate showing the subject, SEW level, topic category and level of pass, i.e. Pass, Merit or Distinction, as well as the name of their teacher or school if requested at the time of registration. After moderation of the results, certificates are sent to centres for distribution and normally arrive six to eight weeks after the completion of the examination session.

Replacement certificates are available, although an administration fee will be charged for replacing a certificate. All replacement certificates issued later than six months after the date of the examination will be marked 'Duplicate'. Exact candidate details must be provided prior to a certificate being replaced. The Trinity website contains more details on how to obtain a replacement certificate.

### **Candidates with special educational needs/disabilities**

Trinity welcomes entries from candidates with special needs and disabilities. Adjustments are implemented according to individuals' special needs/disabilities, reflecting their usual method of working, the assessment requirements and the guidelines stipulated by the regulatory authorities as well as the Joint Council for Qualifications.

The same standard of assessment applies to all candidates, regardless of any special need/disability, and allowances will only be made to the conduct of the examination if appropriate.

**The procedures below must be followed when requesting consideration of special needs/disabilities.**

#### **Enrolment on Trinity Online**

- ▶ Full details of the special needs/disabilities must be received on or before the closing date for the examination. The specific condition and request for special needs dispensation should be inputted on the candidate's record on Trinity Online and supporting medical documentation sent to the National/Area Consultant or Trinity's London office. Details of how to indicate special needs are explained in the candidate enrolment instructions available via Trinity Online. No alteration to the details of the candidate with special needs/disabilities can take place after registration.
- ▶ Owing to the extra preparation time required to provide individual tests for candidates with special needs/disabilities, late entries or entries which do not contain full details of the nature of the special needs/disabilities will not normally be accepted. If a late entry has been accepted but the examination cannot take place, the fee will be refunded (at the discretion of Trinity) but the surcharge will be retained to cover costs of administration of the late entry.
- ▶ In order to prepare Braille tests for candidates, centres are required to give a minimum of two months' notice.
- ▶ Braille materials and certificates are available for visually impaired candidates at no extra charge. Requests for Braille certificates should be made at the time of entry.

#### **Evidence to Trinity's London office**

- ▶ All provision for special needs candidates is adjusted to the particular needs of each candidate. To be most beneficial to candidates, as full an explanation as possible of the nature of the special needs and potential modification to the procedure of the examination is required.
- ▶ Appropriate **documentary evidence** of special assessment needs must be supplied at the time of enrolment. Special provision will not be given without this information. This must be a current medical certificate or, in the case of dyslexic candidates, a report from an educational psychologist (a chartered educational psychologist, a full or affiliate member of the Association of Educational Psychologists or a person employed by a local education authority as an educational psychologist). Reports from psychologists of other disciplines (e.g. clinical) are not acceptable. Details of medical and psychological reports are not disclosed to anyone, including examiners.
- ▶ Trinity College London reserves the right to turn down requests for provision if sufficient information is not provided.
- ▶ Candidates who require wheelchair access to centres should notify the centre.

### **Equal opportunities policy for examination candidates**

Trinity is committed to equality of access to examinations. This commitment applies to all candidates, regardless of gender, age, racial origin, nationality, creed, sexual orientation, marital status or employment status. Trinity endeavours to provide examinations for candidates with special needs/disabilities but owing to the nature of the examination, some special needs/disabilities, such as the inability to speak, will prevent the candidate from fulfilling the requirements of the examinations.

## Regulations

Trinity seeks to ensure that:

- ▶ the content and assessment of its examinations are non-discriminatory and are appropriate to the knowledge and skills specified
- ▶ the style and language of its documentation are readily understood and do not reflect stereotyped or biased attitudes
- ▶ its examiners and all associated with its examinations apply a fair and just process.

### **Candidate identification policy**

Candidates entered for the Spoken English for Work examinations are required to provide a photographic form of identification. Candidates will be asked by the examiner to provide ID at the start of the examination.

Centre Representatives will be reminded of this policy by the examiner on arrival at the centre. Where no ID has been provided, the examiner will inform the Centre Representative or teacher during the feedback session and subsequently notify Trinity's London office.

### **Absence through sickness**

A candidate who is sick and cannot take the examination may apply to Trinity's London office for a half-fee re-entry permit, enclosing a medical certificate. Applications for re-entry permits must be made within 30 days of the examination date. Trinity will issue a re-entry permit for an examination at the same level, which can be used for an examination within 12 months of the original examination date on payment of half the current entry fee. If a re-entry permit is used towards entry for a higher-level examination, the difference in fee is also payable, i.e. the full fee of the higher-level examination less half the fee of the lower level examination.

Examiners are not permitted to accept either notice of withdrawal or medical certificates.

Trinity reserves the right to consider other special cases for absence on their individual merits.

### **Exceptional circumstances**

All examinations are assessed on the basis of the performance given on the day of the examination without regard to any external circumstances.

When a candidate infringes examination regulations, wherever possible, the examination will continue without comment by the examiner so that candidate performance in other parts of the examination is unaffected. The Examination report form will normally be returned by the examiner to Trinity at the end of the examination, rather than being issued to the Centre Representative, so that a decision can be taken about the validity of the examination. Trinity reserves the right to award no marks for invalid parts of an examination. The outcome of referred examinations will be reported to the Centre Representative as soon as possible after the matter has been considered.

### **Examination monitoring**

Trinity examiners will audio record oral examinations for monitoring and research purposes. All examinations are recorded unless stated otherwise. Trinity reserves the right to allow Trinity monitors into the examination room while the examination is in progress in order to observe the conduct of the examinations. Recordings of examinations are retained at Trinity's London office and not made available to centres or candidates.

These procedures are an essential feature of Trinity's commitment to the consistency of marking and administration by its examiners and are in no way detrimental to the candidate. Every effort will be made to give advance notice of such monitoring sessions and arrangements will be discussed with the Registered Centre involved, wherever possible. Entrance for the Trinity examinations constitutes acceptance of all the quality assurance procedures.

In normal circumstances, no other person is permitted to be present in the examination room. Special arrangements apply, with prior authorisation, in cases where candidates with special needs/disabilities require assistance.

Candidate privacy and data are protected under the UK Data Protection Act 1998. Please see the Trinity College London website [www.trinitycollege.co.uk](http://www.trinitycollege.co.uk) for the most up-to-date information about our data protection procedures and policies.

### Examination delivery

Trinity works with the centre to ensure that the examination session is delivered at the mutual convenience of the centre and the examiner. During the planning process, the centre may be approached regarding alternative dates for delivery.

Trinity reserves the right not to conduct an examination session in the following circumstances:

- ▶ examination entries are not received prior to the specified closing dates. Closing dates are available from your National/Area Consultant or Trinity's London office
- ▶ examination fees are not paid in full by the closing date
- ▶ the minimum fee required by Trinity in order to cover the costs of an examiner visiting an examination venue is not met. Details of the minimum fee required can be obtained from your National/Area Consultant or Trinity's London office
- ▶ centres have not used the correct fees for their examination session.

Trinity takes every effort to ensure the delivery of its examinations on the dates and at the locations planned. However, there may on occasion be exceptional circumstances that mean we are not able to meet our commitment. This would include, for example, lack of examiner availability, national strikes, labour disputes or industrial disruption, natural disasters, widespread disruption of international travel, terrorist attacks or acts of war.

### Appeals procedure

A new appeals procedure will come into effect from 1 April 2011. For details of current procedures please see [www.trinitycollege.co.uk/appeals](http://www.trinitycollege.co.uk/appeals) or contact your National/Area Consultant.

### Malpractice statement and policy

Trinity takes any attempt on the part of individual candidates or centres to influence the outcome of examinations by unfair means very seriously.

#### Note to centres

Centres must agree to abide by the Code of Practice at all times. This means that they must implement all the measures described there in order to ensure that all candidates at the centre and at all other centres around the world have an equal opportunity to demonstrate their abilities.

Examiners must be able to conduct the examinations without fear of pressure, coercion and recrimination. The examiner must not be placed in a position where the ability to deal with individual candidates equally and fairly is likely to be affected. Examiners on tour are vulnerable in that they are often staying away from home, in unknown places and the examination centre staff are their only point of contact. Centres must not take advantage of this fact.

Centres are deemed to be responsible for the conduct of the examination session and the behaviour of their candidates.

#### Individual candidates

Examples of candidate behaviour which would be the subject of an investigation into malpractice are:

- ▶ infringement of the stated examination regulations and behaving in such a way that other candidates are disadvantaged
- ▶ impersonating another candidate
- ▶ providing a false form of identification
- ▶ plagiarising texts from another source including the internet
- ▶ cheating by copying another's work in written examination sessions
- ▶ cheating by using unauthorised aids such as notes in the examination room during written examinations
- ▶ attempting to obtain confidential examination material
- ▶ attempting to record oral examinations
- ▶ attempting to influence the examiner's assessment by offering incentives of any kind.

## Regulations

### Centres

Examples of centre behaviour which would be the subject of an investigation into malpractice are:

- infringement of the stated examination regulations and contravening any of the items in the Code of Practice and Declaration of Requirements
- altering official documentation such as Examination report forms, Individual marksheets and certificates
- attempting to influence the examiner's assessment by offering incentives of any kind or by using threatening behaviour either before or after the examination session
- knowingly introducing candidates to the examiner prior to the examination in order to gain an unfair advantage
- collecting confidential examination material and disseminating this to centre staff and other candidates
- attempting to record oral examinations
- knowingly allowing candidates to impersonate other candidates.

### Information collection

Trinity has various ways of collecting information regarding the conduct of an examination session, for example:

- centre report forms completed by examiners for each centre they visit. They are required to report any incidence of suspected malpractice
- supervisors' reports of written examination sessions including seating plans
- inspection visit reports supplied by Trinity Inspectors
- appeals documentation
- reports from written paper markers.

### Action taken by Trinity when notified of suspected malpractice

- The issue of results is suspended. This may be the results of an individual candidate or selected candidates or of the whole examination session at a particular centre.
- The relevant Academic Officer investigates the matter by collecting all information and data relevant to the case. This will include a request being sent usually to the Centre Representative or through them, more rarely, to an individual candidate for a written account of actions under investigation. The examiner or marker will also be asked for specific information about the session, candidate's work or behaviour where relevant. A case file is opened.
- If the case involves written papers which indicate improper behaviour, the paper(s) are scrutinised by a second marker, the Academic Officer and the Academic Manager.
- The Academic Manager presents the case to the Head of International ESOL and together a decision is reached.
- The centre is contacted with the decision and told of the action that will be taken by Trinity. In the case of there being a confirmation of malpractice the following action can be taken.

### Centres

- All results for the session in question can be voided and candidates given the opportunity to sit the examination again with the centre meeting the costs.
- The centre can be de-registered.

### Individual candidates

- Results will not be released. Certification will be withheld.

**Data protection**

Trinity College London is registered as a Data Controller with the Information Commissioner's Office in the UK under the Data Protection Act 1998. Please see the Trinity College London website [www.trinitycollege.co.uk](http://www.trinitycollege.co.uk) for the most up-to-date information about our data protection procedures and policies.

# TRINITY

COLLEGE LONDON

## The Common European Framework of Reference and Trinity College London International ESOL examinations

Common European Framework of Reference (CEFR)	Spoken English for Work (SEW) examinations	Integrated Skills in English (ISE) examinations	Graded Examinations in Spoken English (GESE)
–	–	–	Grade 1
A1	–	–	Grade 2
A2	–	ISE 0	Grade 3
			Grade 4
B1	SEW 1	ISE I	Grade 5
			Grade 6
B2	SEW 2	ISE II	Grade 7
			Grade 8
			Grade 9
C1	SEW 3	ISE III	Grade 10
			Grade 11
C2	SEW 4	ISE IV	Grade 12

The CEFR is the result of over ten years' research by a number of leading applied linguists and pedagogical specialists from the Council of Europe. It provides a detailed model for describing and scaling language use and the different kinds of knowledge and skills required.

The framework is intended to stimulate reflection on objectives and methods, to facilitate communication and to provide a common basis for curriculum development, the elaboration of syllabuses, examinations and qualifications, thus contributing to easier international educational and vocational mobility.

*(Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, teaching, assessment, Council of Europe, 2001)*

**TRINITY**

COLLEGE LONDON

**Examination report**

(This is not a certificate)

**Any Name**

SEW 3

Centre: Any Centre

Registration no: xxxxxx:xxxxxxxx

Session: 52010

Batch no: xxxxxx

## Spoken English for Work

**Task fulfilment**

Telephone task	<del>A</del>	B	C	D
Interactive task	A	<del>B</del>	C	D
Topic presentation	A	B	<del>C</del>	D
Topic discussion	<del>A</del>	B	C	D
Discussion	A	<del>B</del>	C	D

The above profile would indicate the following overall result: Pass**Key areas for improvement**

Telephone task	CS <input type="checkbox"/>	G <input type="checkbox"/>	L <input type="checkbox"/>	P <input type="checkbox"/>
Interactive task	CS <input type="checkbox"/>	G <input type="checkbox"/>	L <input type="checkbox"/>	P <input type="checkbox"/>
Topic presentation	CS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	G <input type="checkbox"/>	L <input type="checkbox"/>	P <input type="checkbox"/>
Topic discussion	CS <input type="checkbox"/>	G <input type="checkbox"/>	L <input type="checkbox"/>	P <input type="checkbox"/>
Discussion	CS <input type="checkbox"/>	G <input type="checkbox"/>	L <input type="checkbox"/>	P <input type="checkbox"/>

CS = Communicative skills; G = Grammar; L = Lexis; P = Phonology

The result on this Examination report is provisional and is confirmed by the issue of a certificate (or otherwise).

Candidate ID seen: Yes  No  Topic category number: 6Examiner's signature: D. Brown Date: 21 November 2010

## Summary of language requirements for each SEW level

Below is a summary of the language requirements for each SEW level. For full details of the requirements of each level, please refer to the individual level pages.

SEW	Language functions	Grammar	Lexis	Phonology	Subject areas for the Discussion phase
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Exchanging greetings and leave-taking in an appropriate register</li> <li>▶ Giving personal information</li> <li>▶ Describing manner and frequency</li> <li>▶ Describing people, objects and routines</li> <li>▶ Talking about the future – discussing plans and intentions, and informing and predicting</li> <li>▶ Expressing simple comparisons</li> <li>▶ Expressing likes, dislikes and preferences</li> <li>▶ Talking about past events including events in the indefinite and recent past</li> <li>▶ Giving reasons</li> <li>▶ Stating the duration of events</li> <li>▶ Quantifying</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Present simple tense and present continuous tense</li> <li>▶ Past simple tense (regular and irregular verbs)</li> <li>▶ Present perfect tense including use with <i>for, since, ever, never, just</i></li> <li>▶ <i>Will</i> referring to the future for informing and predicting</li> <li>▶ <i>Going to</i> and present continuous tense referring to the future</li> <li>▶ Expressions of preference, e.g. <i>I prefer, I'd rather</i></li> <li>▶ Link words, e.g. <i>and, then, but, because</i></li> <li>▶ Adjectives (comparatives and superlatives)</li> <li>▶ Adverbs of manner and frequency, and adverbials of quantity, e.g. <i>a lot (of), not very much, many</i></li> <li>▶ Formation of questions and the use of question words</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Vocabulary specific to the topic category</li> <li>▶ Vocabulary specific to the subject areas</li> <li>▶ Expressions relating to past and future time, e.g. <i>two days ago, in the future</i></li> <li>▶ Phrases and expressions relating to the list of language functions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ The correct pronunciation of vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas</li> <li>▶ The combination of weak forms and contractions, e.g. <i>I've been to...</i></li> <li>▶ The intonation patterns of basic question forms</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ After-work activities</li> <li>▶ Different workplaces</li> <li>▶ Jobs and people</li> <li>▶ Recent events at work</li> <li>▶ Work experience</li> </ul>
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Expressing and requesting opinions and impressions</li> <li>▶ Expressing obligation, intention and necessity</li> <li>▶ Expressing possibility, certainty and uncertainty</li> <li>▶ Giving advice and highlighting advantages and disadvantages</li> <li>▶ Making suggestions</li> <li>▶ Describing past habits</li> <li>▶ Eliciting further information and expansion of ideas and opinions</li> <li>▶ Expressing agreement and disagreement</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Present continuous tense for future use</li> <li>▶ Open, first and second conditionals</li> <li>▶ Past continuous tense</li> <li>▶ Infinitive of purpose</li> <li>▶ Simple passive</li> <li>▶ <i>Used to</i></li> <li>▶ Relative clauses</li> <li>▶ Modals and phrases used to express obligation and necessity, e.g. <i>must, have to, need to, don't have to</i></li> <li>▶ Modals and phrases used to give advice and make suggestions, e.g. <i>should, ought to, could</i></li> <li>▶ Modals and phrases used to express possibility and uncertainty, e.g. <i>may, might, I'm not sure</i></li> <li>▶ Discourse connectors, e.g. <i>because of, due to</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas</li> <li>▶ Further expressions relating to future time, e.g. <i>the day after tomorrow</i></li> <li>▶ Expressions of agreement and disagreement</li> <li>▶ Appropriate words and expressions to indicate interest and show awareness of the speaker, e.g. <i>Really? What good news! How unfortunate</i></li> <li>▶ Simple fillers to give time for thought, e.g. <i>Well ... Um...</i></li> <li>▶ Phrases and expressions relating to the list of language functions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ The correct pronunciation of vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas</li> <li>▶ Sentence stress to clarify meaning</li> <li>▶ Basic intonation and features of connected speech at sentence level and beyond</li> <li>▶ Intonation patterns of more complex question forms</li> <li>▶ Rising intonation to indicate interest and surprise as appropriate</li> <li>▶ Falling intonation to indicate the end of a turn</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Finding employment</li> <li>▶ National industry and local produce</li> <li>▶ Rules and regulations at work</li> <li>▶ The changing workplace</li> <li>▶ Training for work</li> </ul>

SEW	Language functions	Grammar	Lexis	Phonology	Subject areas for the Discussion phase
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Expressing abstract ideas</li> <li>▶ Expressing feelings and emotions such as regrets, wishes and hopes</li> <li>▶ Expressing assumptions and speculating</li> <li>▶ Expressing impossibility</li> <li>▶ Reporting the conversation of others</li> <li>▶ Persuading and discouraging</li> <li>▶ Evaluating options</li> <li>▶ Hypothesising</li> <li>▶ Evaluating past actions or course of events</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Present perfect continuous tense</li> <li>▶ Past perfect tense (including continuous form)</li> <li>▶ Reported speech</li> <li>▶ Third and mixed conditionals</li> <li>▶ <i>Should/must/might/could</i> + perfect infinitive</li> <li>▶ More complex forms of the passive with modals</li> <li>▶ Verbs followed by gerund and/or infinitive, e.g. <i>forget, stop, go on, remember</i></li> <li>▶ Correct verb patterns after <i>wish</i> and <i>hope</i></li> <li>▶ Linking expressions, e.g. <i>even though, in spite of, unless, although</i></li> <li>▶ Cohesive devices, e.g. <i>so to continue, in other words, for example</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas</li> <li>▶ Reporting verbs, e.g. <i>say, tell, ask, report, advise, promise</i></li> <li>▶ Appropriate words and expressions to encourage further participation, e.g. <i>And then? And what about you?</i></li> <li>▶ Cohesive devices to recap and recover, e.g. <i>As I was saying, Anyway...</i></li> <li>▶ Hesitation fillers, e.g. <i>I mean, you know</i></li> <li>▶ Stock phrases to gain time for thought and keep the turn, e.g. <i>Well, let me think...</i></li> <li>▶ Phrases and expressions relating to the list of language functions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ The correct pronunciation of vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas</li> <li>▶ Rising and falling intonation for keeping, giving up and offering turns</li> <li>▶ Stress, intonation and pitch relevant to the list of functions</li> <li>▶ Stress and rhythm to highlight and emphasise main points and ideas</li> <li>▶ Stress, intonation and pitch to convey emotion and attitude</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Advertisers and consumers</li> <li>▶ Conditions of employment</li> <li>▶ Environmental issues in business</li> <li>▶ Relationships at work</li> <li>▶ Technology and communication</li> </ul>
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Developing and justifying an argument</li> <li>▶ Deducing</li> <li>▶ Expressing empathy and sympathy</li> <li>▶ Expressing caution</li> <li>▶ Challenging arguments and opinions</li> <li>▶ Evaluating different standpoints</li> <li>▶ Defending a point of view</li> <li>▶ Summarising information, ideas and arguments</li> <li>▶ Expressing reservations and politely refusing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ A broad range of complex structures, used flexibly and effectively in combination and contrast</li> <li>▶ A high degree of grammatical accuracy, errors are rare and difficult to identify</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Vocabulary specific to the topic category and subject areas</li> <li>▶ Expressions used before challenging, e.g. <i>That's a good point but..., Perhaps I didn't explain my point clearly...</i></li> <li>▶ Expressions for downplaying and softening, e.g. <i>It's quite difficult, If I could just ask...</i></li> <li>▶ Signposting expressions, e.g. <i>I'd like to begin with..., On the other hand..., So to sum up...</i></li> <li>▶ Tentative expressions, e.g. <i>I may be wrong but... Don't you think it might be...</i></li> <li>▶ Language of caution, e.g. <i>It tends to be, It seems as if...</i></li> <li>▶ Vague and imprecise language, e.g. <i>a bit more, a hundred people or so</i></li> <li>▶ Phrases and expressions relating to the list of language functions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ The correct pronunciation of topic-category and subject-area specific vocabulary</li> <li>▶ Various features of pronunciation which only occasionally deviate from an internationally intelligible model. Minimal first language interference at word and sentence level</li> <li>▶ A range of stress and intonation patterns, pitch and volume to convey shifts in meaning and attitude</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Current trends in business</li> <li>▶ Equal opportunities</li> <li>▶ Ethics in business</li> <li>▶ Unemployment</li> <li>▶ Workers' rights</li> </ul>

## Summary of communicative skills for each SEW level

SEW	
<b>1</b>	<p>In the <b>Telephone task phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Initiate the discourse</li> <li>▶ Use appropriate register and conventions as required by the task</li> <li>▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately to verbal prompts</li> <li>▶ Seek clarification of the written prompt if necessary</li> <li>▶ Bring the task to a satisfactory conclusion</li> <li>▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions and grammar listed</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Topic discussion phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Give information about the prepared topic in a series of linked long turns according to the notes given to the examiner</li> <li>▶ Show understanding of the examiner by answering questions on the prepared topic, and participate in informal discussion of the topic, during which the examiner might request more information, facts or details</li> <li>▶ Respond to requests for clarification and give reasons for making particular statements</li> <li>▶ Ask the examiner at least one question about the topic area</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Discussion phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately to questions</li> <li>▶ Respond to requests for clarification and give reasons for making particular statements</li> <li>▶ Ask the examiner at least one question about the subject area</li> </ul>
<b>2</b>	<p>In the <b>Telephone task phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Initiate and maintain the discourse</li> <li>▶ Use appropriate register and conventions as required by the task</li> <li>▶ Seek clarification of the written prompt if necessary</li> <li>▶ Help the discussion along by inviting comment from the examiner</li> <li>▶ Take and give up turns when appropriate to do so</li> <li>▶ Bring the task to a satisfactory conclusion</li> <li>▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions and grammar listed</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Interactive task phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Initiate the discourse</li> <li>▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately to verbal prompts</li> <li>▶ Maintain the discourse by asking for and giving information as appropriate</li> <li>▶ Take and give up turns when appropriate to do so</li> <li>▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions listed</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Topic discussion phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Engage the examiner in discussion of the topic</li> <li>▶ Show understanding by responding appropriately to the examiner</li> <li>▶ Communicate a variety of facts, ideas and opinions, and account for these, about a chosen topic linked across a series of extended turns</li> <li>▶ Be prepared to ask and answer questions about the content of the topic</li> <li>▶ Handle interruptions or requests for clarification throughout the discussion of the topic</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Discussion phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately</li> <li>▶ Share the responsibility for the maintenance of the interaction with the examiner</li> <li>▶ In case of a breakdown in communication, show awareness and take basic steps to remedy it</li> </ul>

SEW	<p><b>3</b></p> <p>In the <b>Telephone task phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Initiate and maintain the discourse</li> <li>▶ Use appropriate register and conventions as required by the task</li> <li>▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately</li> <li>▶ Seek clarification of the written prompt if necessary</li> <li>▶ Take, keep, give up and offer turns when appropriate to do so</li> <li>▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions and grammar listed</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Interactive task phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Initiate the discourse</li> <li>▶ Maintain the discourse by asking for information, and commenting and elaborating on the responses obtained</li> <li>▶ Develop the discussion by encouraging comment and opinion from the examiner</li> <li>▶ Take, keep, give up and offer turns when appropriate to do so</li> <li>▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions listed</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Topic presentation phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Give an informative presentation on a chosen subject, with an identifiable structure, using discourse connectors and cohesive devices, highlighting significant points</li> <li>▶ Introduce the presentation, develop and support particular points of view and conclude</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Topic discussion phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately</li> <li>▶ Handle interruptions by recapping and recovering</li> <li>▶ Engage the examiner in discussion of the topic by inviting questions and commenting on the ideas in the presentation</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Discussion phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately</li> <li>▶ Take more responsibility for the maintenance of the interaction with the examiner</li> <li>▶ Follow up on comments from the examiner in order to develop the conversation</li> <li>▶ In case of a breakdown in communication, use paraphrasing and circumlocution</li> </ul>
<p><b>4</b></p>	<p>In the <b>Telephone task phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Initiate the discourse</li> <li>▶ Use appropriate register and conventions as required by the task</li> <li>▶ Seek clarification of the written prompt if necessary</li> <li>▶ Show understanding of the examiner by responding appropriately to verbal prompts</li> <li>▶ Maintain and control the discourse by asking for and giving information and elaborating as appropriate</li> <li>▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions and grammar listed</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Interactive task phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Take full responsibility for maintaining the flow of conversation by changing the direction of the conversation when necessary</li> <li>▶ Use turn-taking conventions to facilitate a successful conclusion to the interaction</li> <li>▶ Relate their own contributions to the prompt</li> <li>▶ Where appropriate to the individual task, make use of the language functions and grammar listed</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Formal topic presentation phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Give a formal presentation, informative and partly discursive in nature, on a chosen subject, with an identifiable structure, using discourse connectors and cohesive devices with evidence of some controlled use of organisational patterns</li> <li>▶ Introduce the presentation, develop and support particular points of view with subsidiary points and conclude</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Topic discussion phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Be prepared to justify the ideas and opinions given in the presentation</li> <li>▶ Engage the examiner by inviting questions and encouraging comment on the ideas etc. provided in the presentation</li> <li>▶ Respond to challenges made by the examiner</li> </ul> <p>In the <b>Discussion phase</b></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Anticipate the direction of the conversation and cope with change of direction</li> <li>▶ Demonstrate the ability to infer and extract meaning from vague or imprecise language</li> <li>▶ Evaluate and challenge statements and arguments made by the examiner</li> <li>▶ Participate fully without much obvious searching for expressions</li> </ul>

## Notes